

It's not the tools

“musing, ranting, and vain reflecting
on the relationship between IT operations and their tools.”

Sydney devops meetup
Jan 15 2015

Gildas Le Nadan
@endemics

It all starts with a great reference



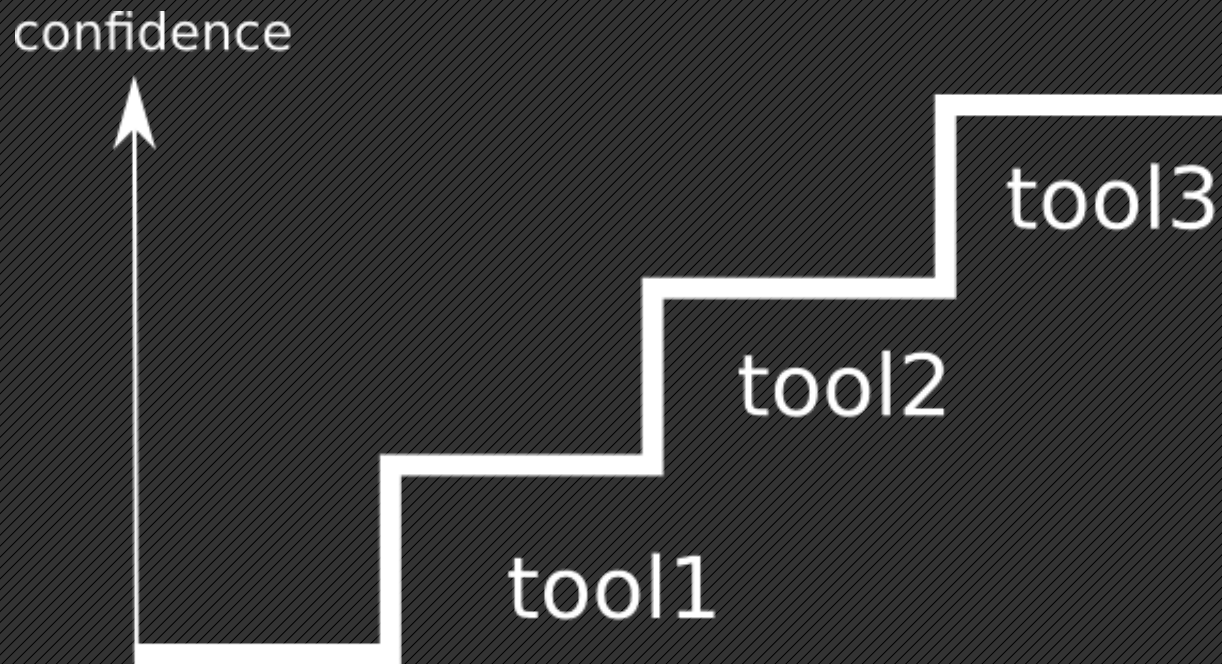
A Build Engineering Team's Journey of Infrastructure as Code

Nov-2014

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FXdUxUdDhHM>

My gripe?

A narrative around the pattern:



Reinforcing
a
MYTH

“For a given problem,
there is an off-the-shelf tool to
solve it”

(and I don't need to think)

WRONG

Why is that a problem?

(not so) **Hidden costs of tools**

Learn
Deploy
Integrate
Backup
Update
Support

It's probably even worse when it's
a shiny new tool

(Who said Docker?)

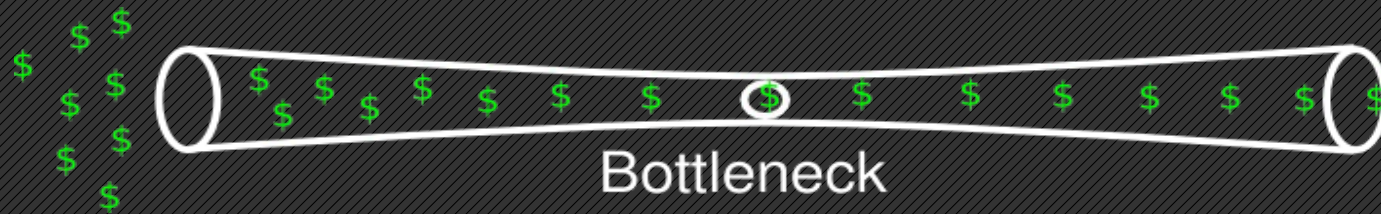
Some will even search for problems that match a tool



A bold statement?

“As IT Ops we're not here to play with new toys but to support the business.”

There is always a bottleneck in the value chain



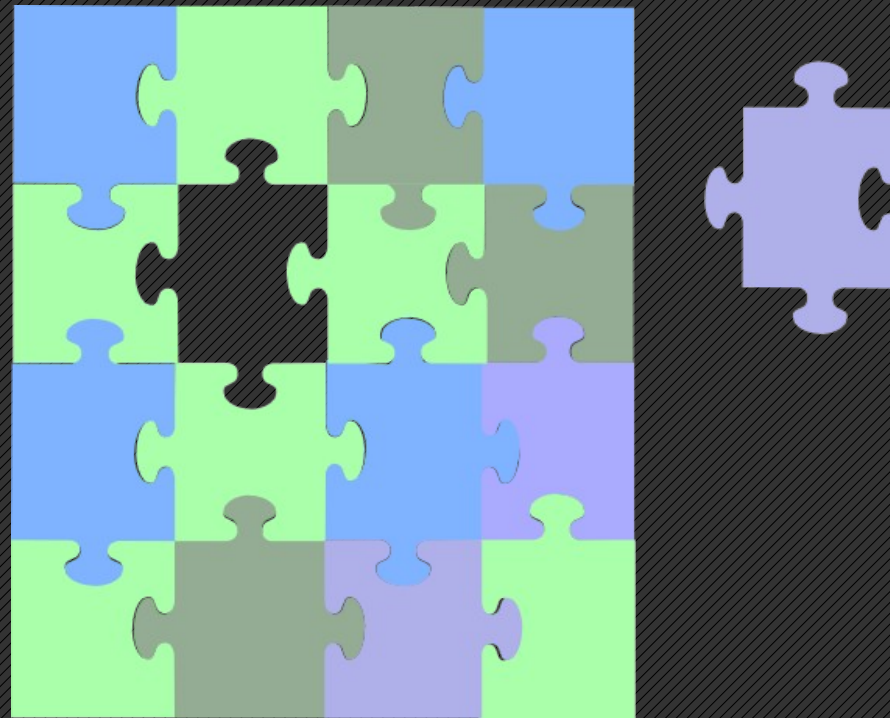
Be awesome

Don't be
the bottleneck
a cost center
a Nay sayer

Even the best tool won't cover all
your use cases

So you'll have more of them

How most people view adding a new tool



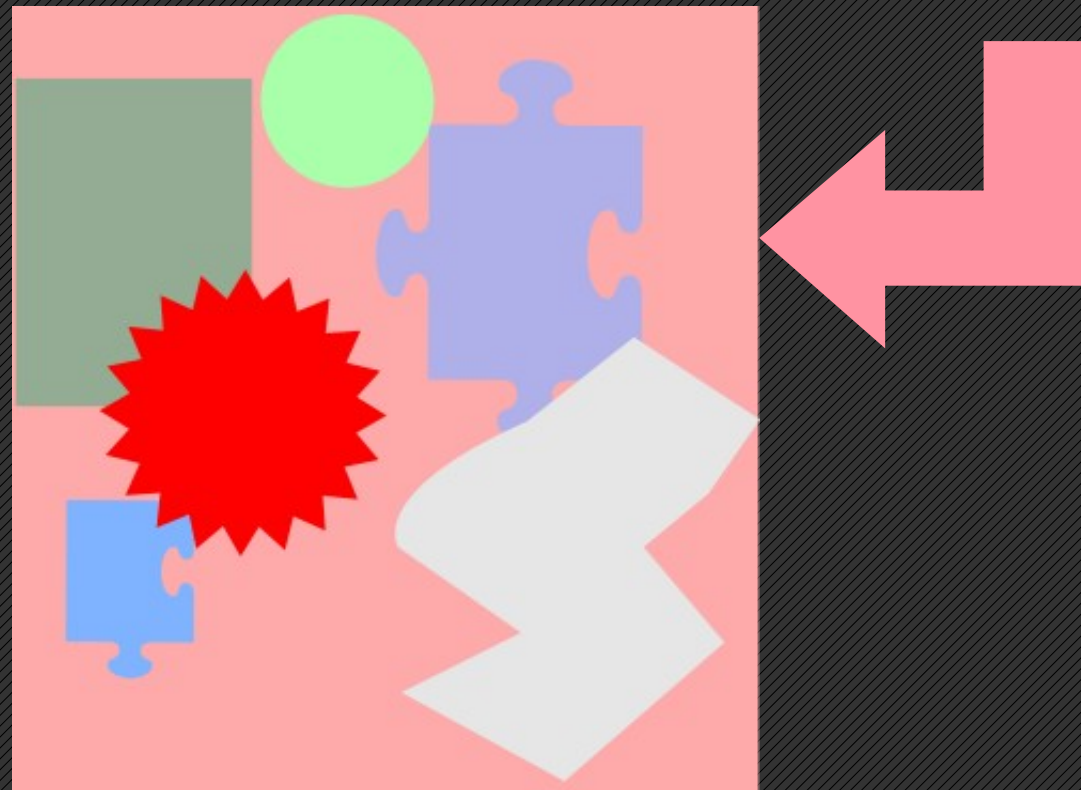
The reality is more like



Integration work

Integration work

Yes, that's the pale red area



Yes, there's a lot of it

Integration work

To make it worse, it's usually:

Tightly coupled & brittle

Poorly documented

Poorly tested

Because of integration work,

Cost of change is high

Not all tools are created equal

Solutions?

(in the context of a toolchain)

Gratuitous, out of context, quote:

“Tame the tool sprawl”

(Damon Edwards)

<http://www.slideshare.net/dev2ops/with-selfservice-operations-the-cloud-is-just-expensive-hosting-20-a-devops-story>

Leverage your existing tools

Incremental changes

Evaluate tool change only if it
improves your workflow

workflow

Noun

the sequence of industrial, administrative, or other processes through which a piece of work passes from initiation to completion.

Pick your poison

Lean

Just-in-Time

Kanban

Theory of Constraints

Adding a new tool should be a conscious decision, trying to take into account the Cost/Benefit.

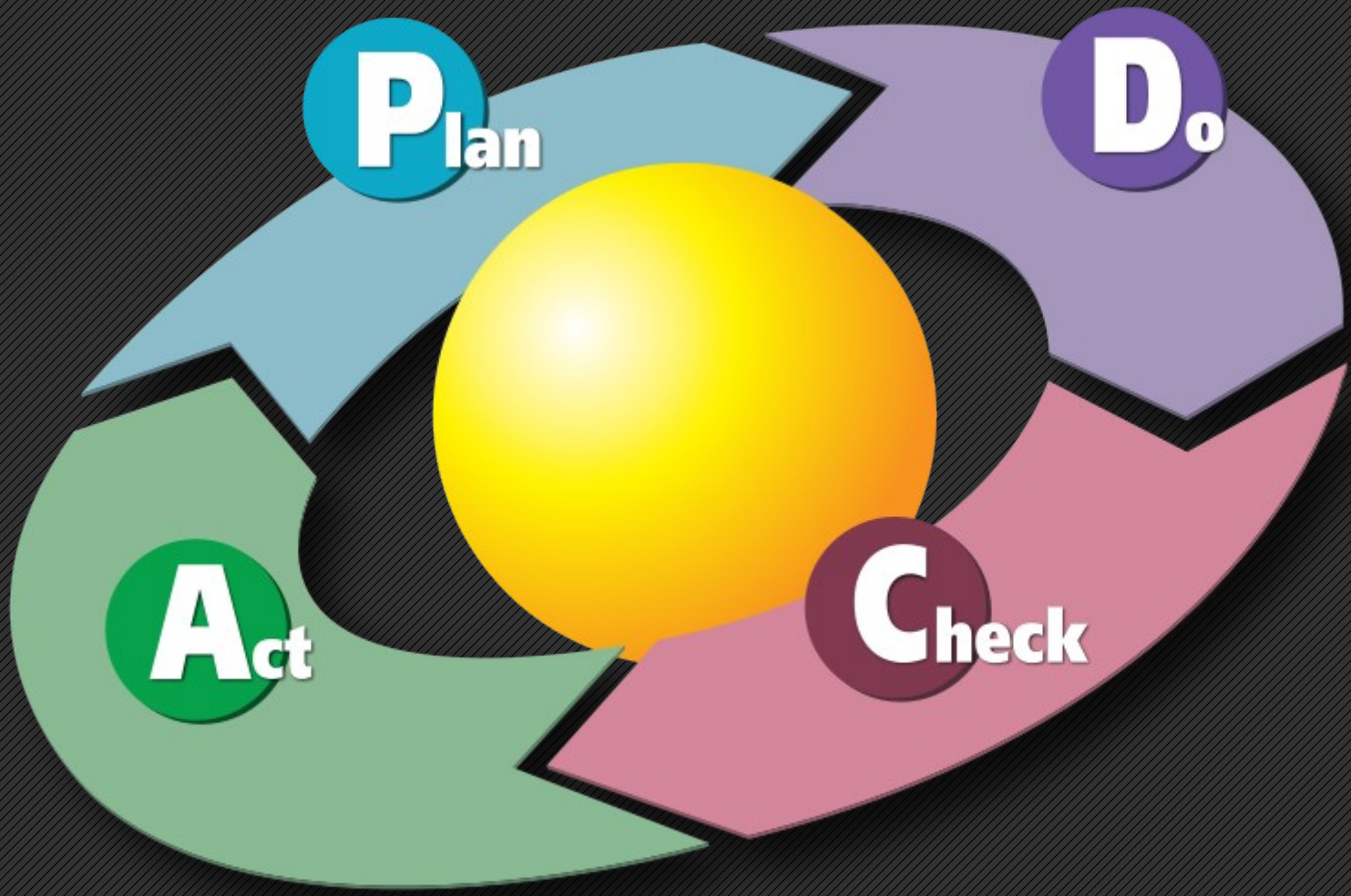
YES

Evaluate new tools

You need to know them, their Pros and Cons before being able to make a conscious decision

BUT

be ready to ditch them if they
don't provide the expected
benefits.



In fact,

Test Test Test

If there was one tool, it would be

CI/CD

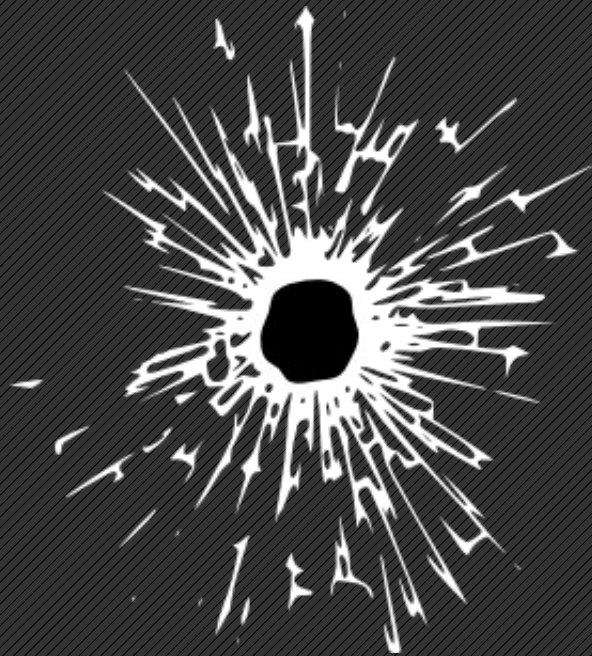
“Everything that's not
continuously tested **will** bit rot.”

Create a virtuous circle by
building on solid foundations

Payback your technical debt

Enforce a predictable workflow

Fight the “broken window” effect



In conclusion?

It's not (just) the tools
It's mainly the workflow